

REMOVING MERCURY FROM MASSACHUSETTS SCHOOLS



Background

The *Partnership for Environmental Health & Safety in Schools* is a program of the Massachusetts Office of Technical Assistance (OTA) that assists public secondary schools in identifying and safely managing hazardous chemicals, with the goal of reducing, replacing or eliminating them from the school environment.

Why Mercury?

Mercury is poisonous and can damage the nervous system, kidneys, liver and immune system. Typical exposures to mercury come from breathing its fumes during an accidental spill or leak, or by eating fish contaminated with mercury. Children are most at risk from mercury's toxic effects and can suffer potentially serious neurological damage.

Devices or chemicals that contain mercury, and jars of elemental mercury, are a liability for schools. Improper handling of mercury and accidents that result in a spill can cause significant health problems, with serious financial and legal consequences.

How OTA can help

Schools participating in the OTA program must complete a hazardous materials assessment, and clean out their stock of chemicals that are old or no longer needed by the schools. Elemental mercury and mercury compounds are among the hazardous materials targeted for removal.

Three firms that operate waste-to-energy plants within the state have volunteered to assist the schools with mercury issues and proper removal. These firms will accept mercury from schools, and replace some types of mercury-bearing devices with those that do not contain mercury.

Here's what to do:

- 1. Identify the sources of mercury. Attached to this fact sheet is a checklist developed by the Northeast Waste Management Officials Association (NEWMOA) that will help you identify sources of mercury in different locations within your school;
- 2. If you find any of the devices or compounds that contain mercury, isolate them from students, faculty and staff and;
- 3. Check the list on the back of this fact sheet to see which of the waste-to-energy firms serves your community. Call the person who is identified to help you dispose of your mercury devices or compounds; if your community is not served by any of the waste-to-energy firms, contact OTA at 617-626-1060.



To Recycle Mercury From Schools

If you live in one of these towns, you are served by the SEMass waste-to-energy plant. Call Sidi Mateo at 508-291-4427.

Acushnet Duxbury Marion Rockland Martha's Vineyard Attleboro Eastham Sandwich Barnstable Edgartown Mashpee Scituate Bellingham Fairhaven Mattapoisett Sharon Berkley Falmouth Middleborough Stoughton Blackstone Milton Sudbury Freetown Norfolk Truro Bourne Halifax Norwell W. Bridgewater Braintree Hanover Waltham Brewster Hanson Orleans Canton Harwich Pembroke Wareham Carver Hingham Plymouth Wellfleet Chatham Holbrook Plympton Weymouth Cohasset Hyannis Provincetown Whitman Wrentham Dennis Kingston Randolph Yarmouth Lakeville Rochester Dighton

If you live in one of these towns, you are served by a Wheelabrator Technologies waste-to-energy plant. Call Patrick Scanlon at 978-475-1776.

Acton Hamilton Millville Southborough Holden Natick Andover Spencer Arlington Holliston Needham Tewksbury Auburn Hopedale Newton Upton Bedford Hopkinton North Andover Walpole Belmont Lexington Northborough Watertown Northbridge Beverly Lincoln Wenham Billerica Lowell North Reading Westborough Boxborough Lynn Oxford West Newbury Burlington Malden Paxton Westford Carlisle Manchester Peabody Weston Chelsea Princeton Maynard Westwood Dover Medfield Revere Wilmington Winchester Dracut Medway Rockport E. Brookfield Mendon Rutland Worcester Milford Saugus Everett Franklin Sherborn Millbury Grafton Millis Shrewsbury

If you live in one of these towns, you are served by the Covanta waste-to-energy plant. Call Steve Parker at 978-372-6288.

AyerGrotonLynnfieldStonehamChelmsfordHaverhillMelroseWakefieldDanversLawrenceMiddletonEssexLittletonReading